

Slide



BRIDGE
LATERAL MOVE
TECHNOLOGY



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration

SLIDE IN BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION (SIBC) FROM THE CONTRACTOR/CONSTRUCTION PERSPECTIVE

June 12, 2014; 11:00am MST

SIBC Webinar Series

- Owner/Policy Maker Perspective
 - November 2013 (complete)
 - 2nd session scheduled later in year
- Engineer/Designer Perspective
 - January 2014 (complete)
 - April 3, 2014 (complete)
 - 3rd session scheduled later in year
- Contractor/Constructor Perspective
 - March 2014 (complete)
 - June 12, 2014 (Today: Milton-Madison Bridge)
 - 3rd session scheduled later in year



Webinar Agenda

- Featured Presentation:
Contractor/Construction Perspective (~40 min.)
 - Walsh Construction Company, Chicago, IL
- Questions & Answers (~15 min.)
- Next Steps (~3 min.)

MILTON MADISON BRIDGE DESIGN-BUILD

Walsh Construction Company

Presentation Outline

- **Project Procurement, Charlie Gannon**
- **Project Overview, Charlie Gannon**
- **Temporary Truss Supports, Charlie Gannon**
- **Truss Demolition, Charlie Gannon**
- **Bridge Slide, Will Banik**
- **Lessons Learned, Will Banik**

PROJECT PROCUREMENT

Charlie Gannon

Design-Build Procurement

- Five teams provided technical and price proposals
- Winning team includes Walsh Construction with designers Burgess & Niple, Inc. and the truss designer, Buckland & Taylor.
- A+B bid; A=base price; B= # closure days x \$25,000
- Original owner expectation of a 365-day closure with a ferry boat for motorists
- By using both the exiting bridge and the new bridge as temporary river crossings, Walsh's bid included only 10 days of closure and an earlier completion date.
- The DBT as well as the owners all agree that this method ultimately lessened the economic impact to the surrounding communities.

PROJECT OVERVIEW

Charlie Gannon

Replace 80-year-old truss bridge...



...with a new truss bridge.





STEP 1

- Existing bridge remains open to traffic
- Temporary ramps built from Vaughn Drive and KY Hwy 36
- Pier strengthening and widening begins



STEP 2

- Bridge closes to traffic for five days
- Temporary ramps are connected to existing truss
- Existing truss reopens to traffic
- Pier strengthening work continues



STEP 3

- Downstream temporary support towers are constructed



STEP 4

- Existing truss remains open to traffic
- New truss superstructure is erected on downstream piers
- Permanent approaches are built



STEP 5

- New truss is connected to US 421 via transition spans
- Traffic is rerouted onto new truss



STEP 6

- Existing bridge is demolished



STEP 7

- Traffic remains on new truss
- Temporary ramps are removed
- Pier strengthening and widening is completed



STEP 8

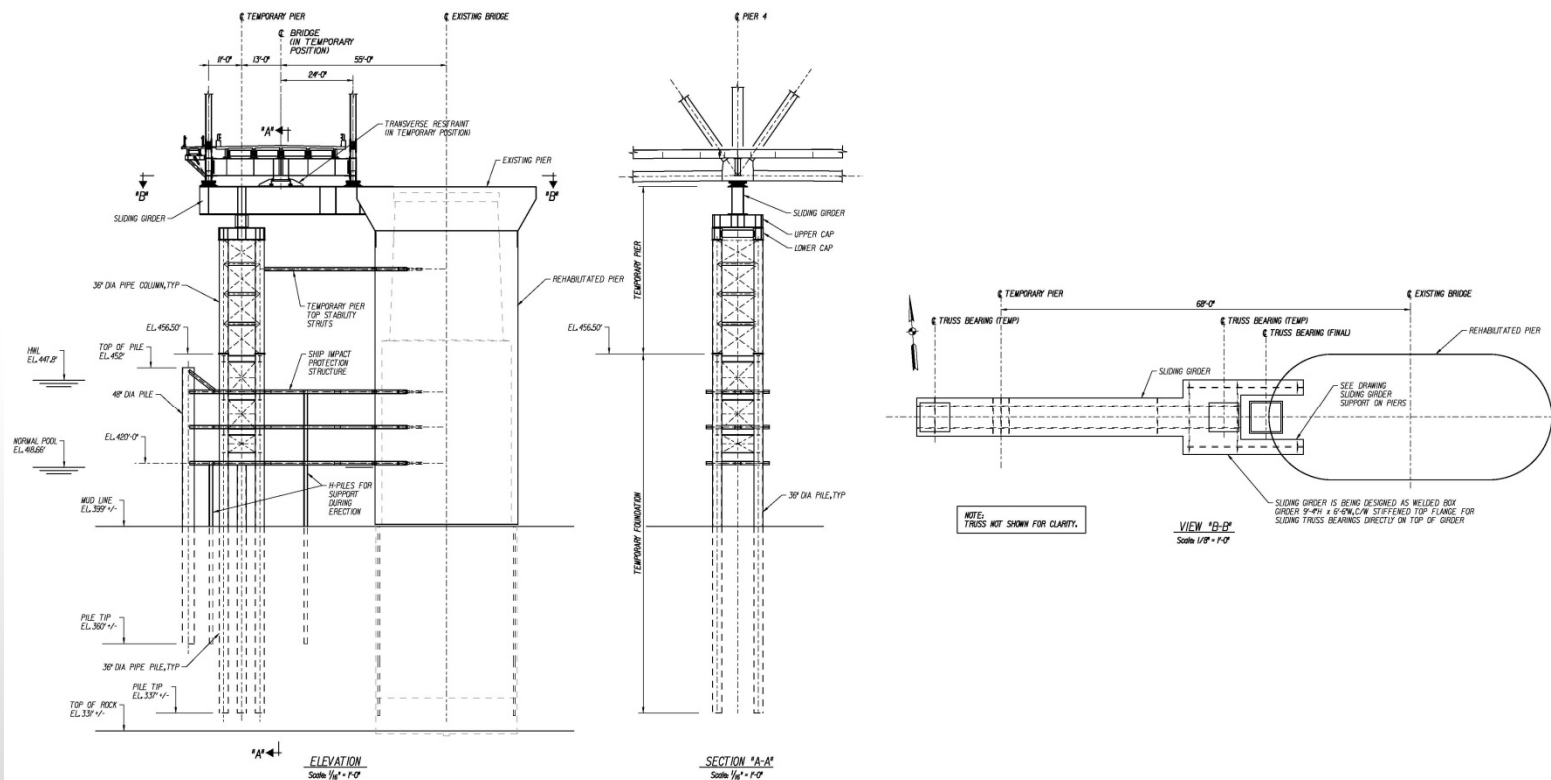
- Bridge closed for slide
- Using PTFE pads, highly polished slide plates, & grease, new truss is slid onto permanent piers
- New Milton-Madison Bridge opens to traffic
- Temporary support structures are removed

TEMPORARY SUPPORT STRUCTURES

Charlie Gannon

Design Requirements

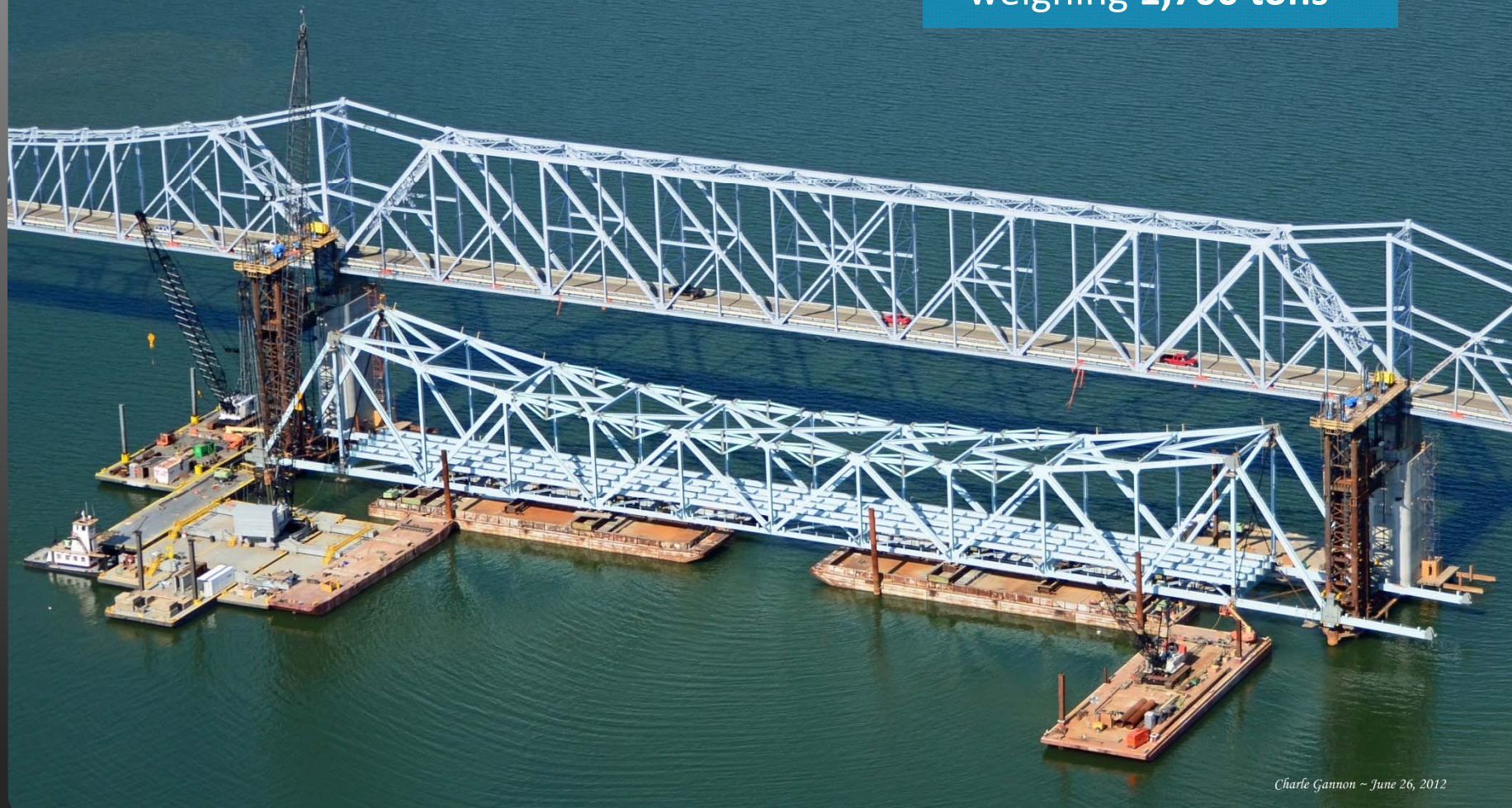
- Although considered temporary, the supports were designed to meet the demands of a permanent pier, except service life



Design Requirements

- **Designed to support strand jacking operations**

- Platforms for lifting a **600-foot** truss section weighing **1,700 tons**



Charles Gannon ~ June 26, 2012

- Platforms for lifting a **700-foot** truss section weighing **1,900 tons**



Charlie Gannon ~ September 10, 2012

Design Requirements

- Designed to support strand jacking operations
- **Designed to carry completed truss**



- Support weight of **fully completed truss** (deck, guardrail, etc.) including seismic considerations

- Designed for load rating of 75% LRFD



Design Requirements

- Designed to support strand jacking operations
- Designed to carry completed truss
- **Designed to provide a slide platform**

- Handle lateral forces to move **15,260 tons** 55 feet



Charlie Gannon - April 10, 2014

- Lateral bracing also used to **protect towers** against barge impact



Temporary Support Installation

► Pile installation

- 36"Ø 1" thick walled pipe piles driven to bedrock using a D100-13 diesel hammer with a minimum capacity of 2900 kips



- Pile alignment given special attention



Temporary Support Installation

- Pile installation
- **Tower fit-up**



- Installed square and center to the pier

Charlie Gannon ~ April 14, 2012

Temporary Support Installation

- Pile installation
- Tower fit-up
- **Sliding girder pedestal**

- Sliding girder pedestal reinforcing



Temporary Support Installation

- Pile installation
- Tower fit-up
- Sliding girder pedestal
- **Sliding girder installation**



Charlie Gannon ~ July 1, 2012

- Sliding girder on designed station



Charlie Gannon - July 2, 2012

Temporary Support Installation

- Pile installation
- Tower fit-up
- Sliding girder pedestal
- Cap beam and sliding girder installation
- **Installation and modification of jacking platforms**



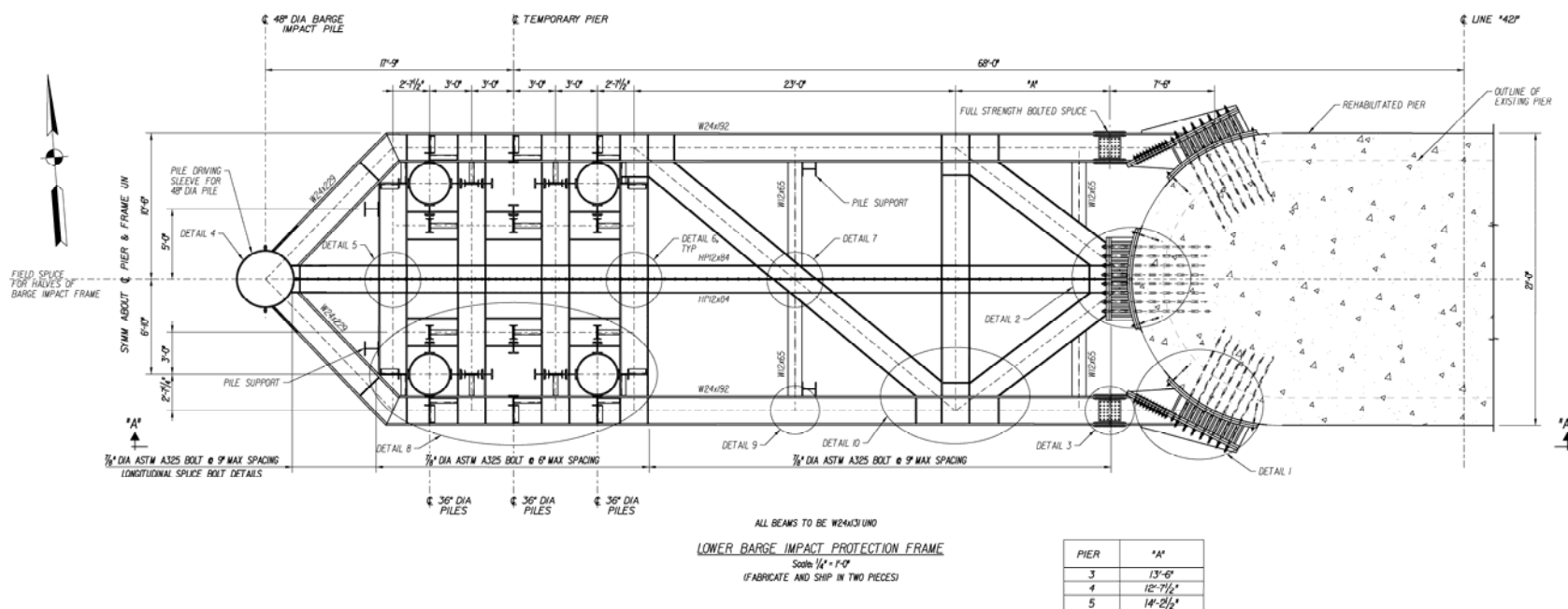
- Designed to be modified and reused



Temporary Support Installation

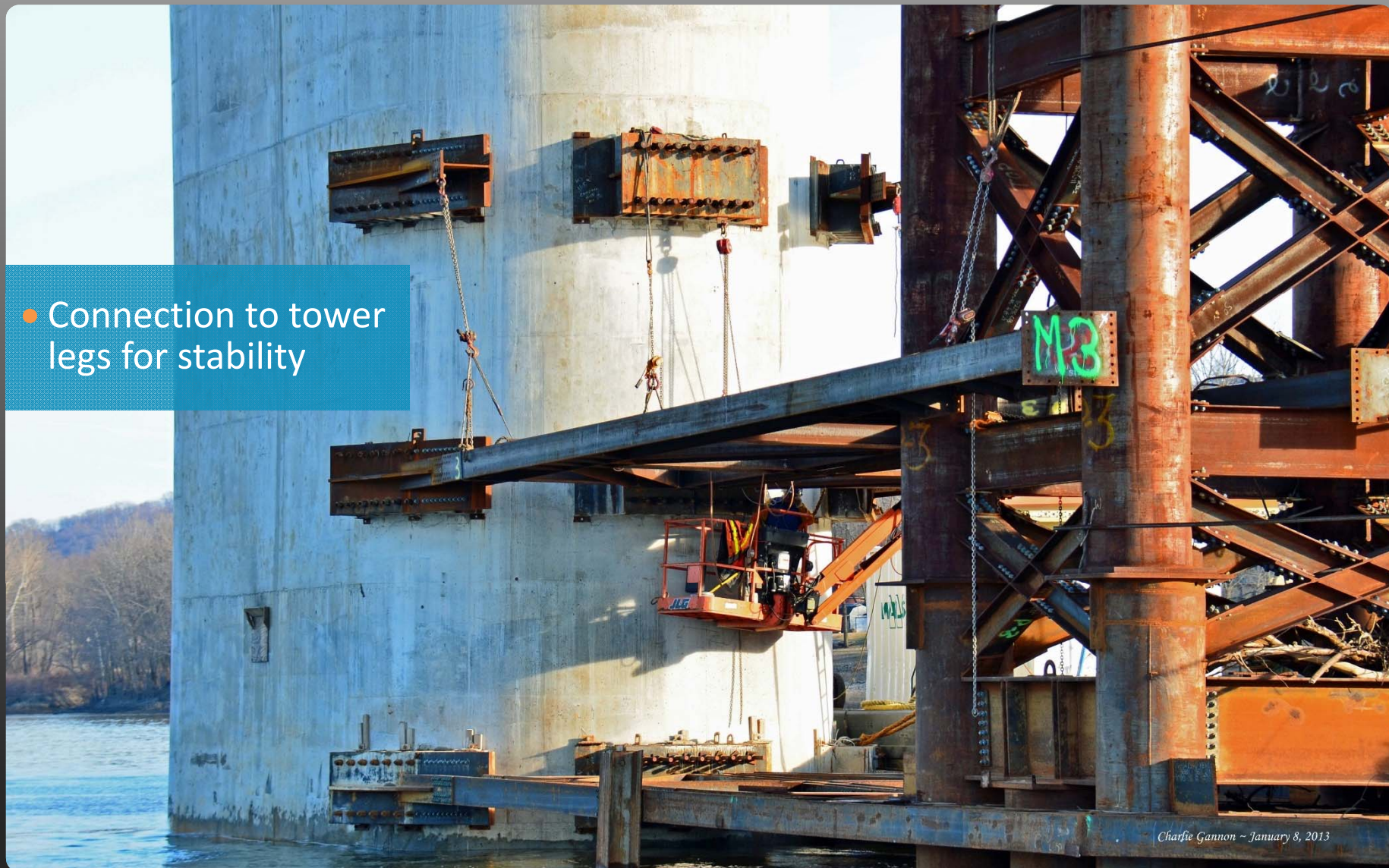
- Pile installation
- Tower fit-up
- Sliding Girder Pedestal
- Cap beam and sliding girder installation
- Installation and removal of jacking platforms
- **Barge impact frame/stability strut installation**

Barge Impact Frame Design





- Connection to tower legs for stability



Charlie Gannon ~ January 8, 2013

BRIDGE DEMO

Charlie Gannon

(NOTE: A link to the MM Bridge Span 9 Demo Video will be provided on the SIBC training project website following this webinar.)

- The explosive cutting of the channel span



Charlie Gannon ~ July 23, 2013

- South Span Ignition

Charlie Gannon ~ August 1, 2013



- With only 15' between trusses, it was essential that the old truss follow a straight path downward



BRIDGE SLIDE

Will Banik

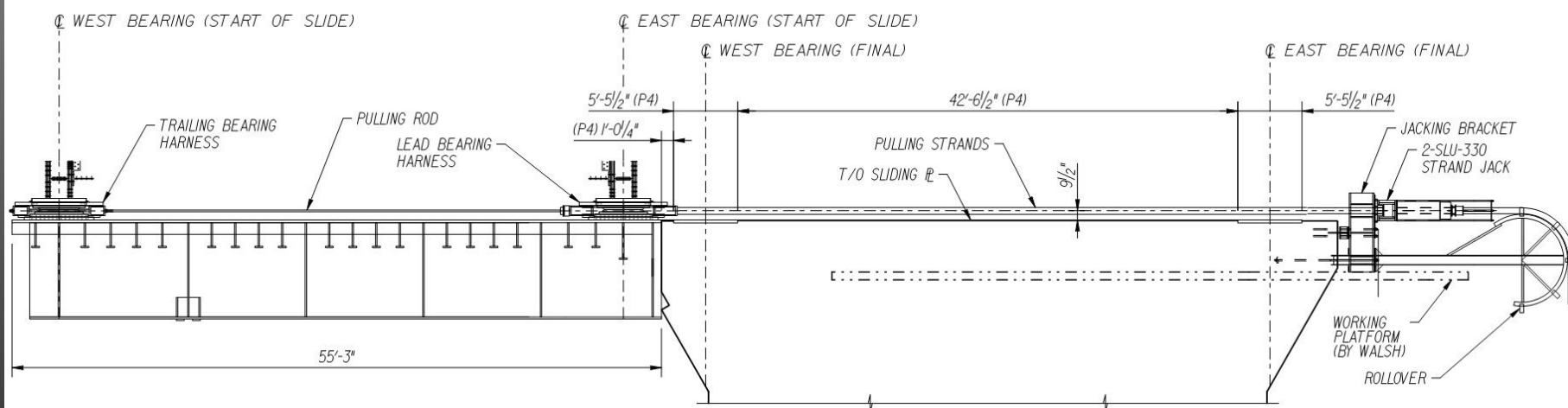
By the numbers...

- 2,427-foot-long, 4-span, continuous truss bridge
- Total weight approximately 15,260 US tons
- 55-foot lateral slide distance
- 95 feet above the Ohio River at normal pool

Truss Slide

- Dimpled PTFE on polished, greased, carbon steel
 - Permanent bearings utilized for sliding
- 1" thick slide plate, varied from 37" to 78" wide
 - Flatness of slide path critical
- Guided at only one pier (P4)
- BRAVO laser control system
- Bearing harness system
- Eight 350-ton strand jacks

General Slide Overview



- SLU-330/550 strand jacks at Pier 4



Charlie Gannon ~ April 10, 2014

- PTFE on underside of permanent truss bearings



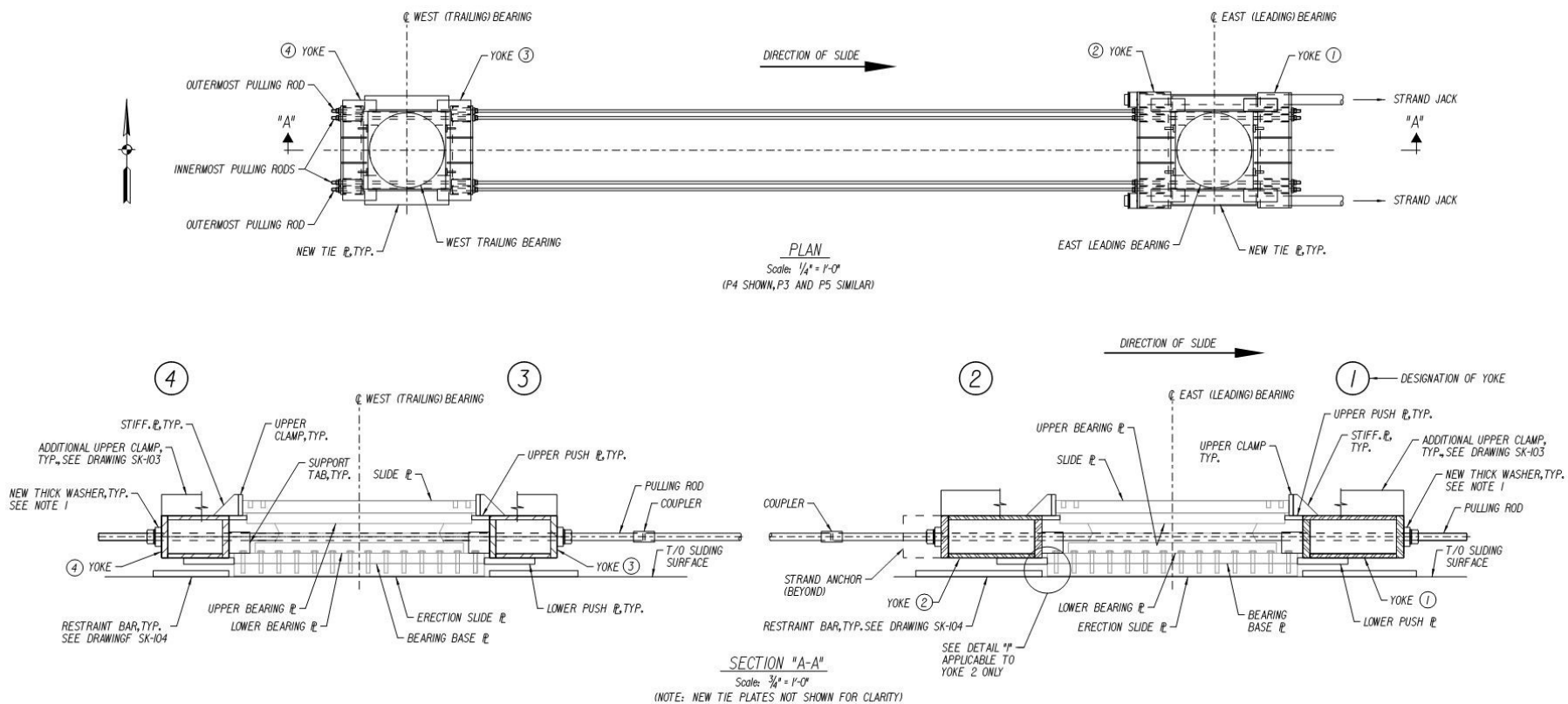
- P4 slide plate complete with guide angle



- Pier 5 slide plate



• Bearing harness detail



- Truss Bearings



- Lead bearing harness



Charlie Cannon ~ March 8, 2014

- BRAVO System



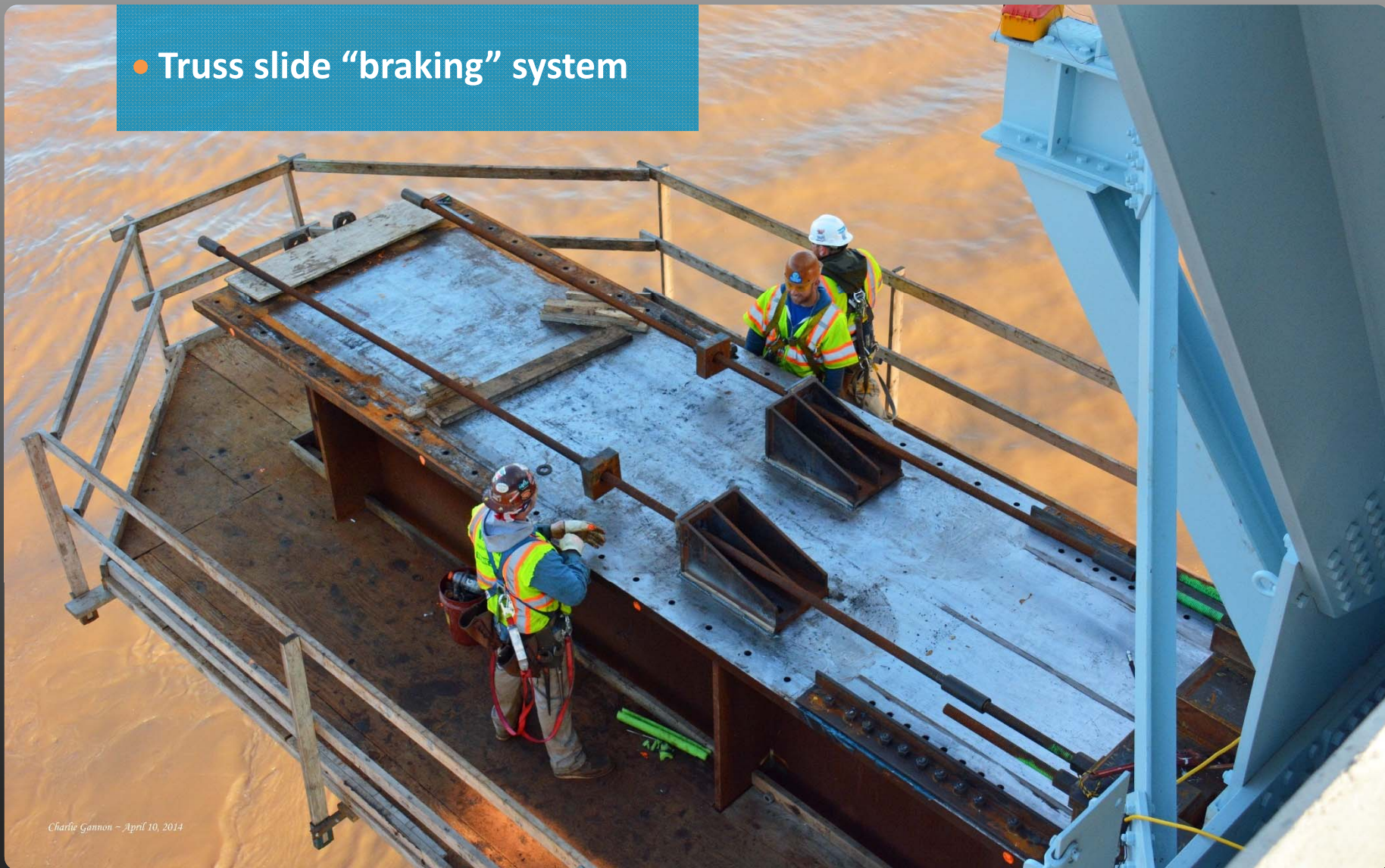
Charlie Gannon ~ April 9, 2014

- Command Center



Charlie Gannon ~ April 9, 2014

- Truss slide “braking” system



Charlie Gannon - April 10, 2014



• Halfway home...

~ 1-MINUTE TIME-LAPSE VIDEO



LESSONS LEARNED

Will Banik

Lessons Learned

- Don't get "sticker shock"
- Be mindful of clearances (vertical & horizontal)
- Respect the design-build process

QUESTION & ANSWER PERIOD

Travis Boone/Kevin Thompson, URS Moderators (~15 minutes)

Q&A Panel

- Charlie Gannon, Walsh Construction Company
317.714.8654, cgannon@walshgroup.com
- Will Banik, Walsh Construction Company
317.557.9338, wbanik@walshgroup.com
- Nedim Alca, Buckland & Taylor
604.986.1222, na@b-t.com
- Kevin Hetrick, Indiana Department of Transportation
317-232-5162, d30hetri@indot.in.gov

NEXT STEPS

Travis Boone, URS (~3 minutes)

Websites/Resources

- SIBC Webinar Training Project Website
 - www.slideinbridgeconstruction.com
 - Webinar registration, a recording of today's webinar, presentation slides, video, and Q&A results will be posted within 10 business days
- Interim Every Day Counts (EDC) Representative
 - Mr. Romeo Garcia, MN Division Bridge Engineer, 651-291-6125, romeo.garcia@dot.gov
 - FHWA backfilling Tim Cupples' position
- FHWA SIBC Website
 - <http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/construction/sibc/>
 - SIBC Implementation Guide now available
 - Many other resources, case studies, etc. also available

FHWA SIBC Technical Services Support Center (TSSC)

- Request personal, professional answers to questions via TSSC
- Download topical resources
- Learn about instructor-based training courses

www.fhwa.dot.gov/construction/sibc/

or

search “**FHWA slide**”

Future SIBC Training

- Owner/Policy Maker Perspective
 - Tentatively set for August 2014
- Engineer/Design Perspective
 - Tentatively set for September 2014
- Contractor/Construction Perspective
 - Tentatively set for October 2014
- Web-based Training
 - 3 Modules: SIBC Part 1, Part 2, and Part 3
 - Each goes “live” with the associated webinars above

FIU ABC Center Training

Next Webinar

Thursday, June 19, 2014 (1:00 – 2:00 p.m. Eastern)

Featured Presentation

Precast Substructures, Part 2 – Comparison of Non-Seismic and Seismic Connection Details

by

**M. Lee Marsh, Ph.D., P.E., President and CEO,
BergerABAM**

To register, visit: www.abc.fiu.edu



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration

THANK YOU FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION!

For issues or questions regarding this training or
the www.slideinbridgeconstruction.com website,
please e-mail sibc@urs.com